

CITY NEWS

A baby girl was born last evening to Dr. and Mrs. Gilbert Rist.

A son was born March 26 to Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Morgan of 55 South Champlain street.

In probate court yesterday the will of Thomas Moseley, late of Colchester, was filed.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dorey of Poplar street are the parents of a son, Raymond Louis, born Friday morning.

Fred W. Whitcomb has bought the residence of Prof. G. F. E. Storey at 443 South Willard street and will take possession April 1.

The grocers' price interpreting board has placed a minimum price of 30 cents per peck retail for potatoes, with a maximum of 40 cents in lesser quantities.

Wright Clark of Williston has received his call into service in the aviation section of the signal reserve corps and will report for duty at the training school at Princeton, N. J., on Saturday, April 6.

Louis J. Turk, son of Mrs. Joseph Turk, is at home on a furlough while convalescing from an attack of pneumonia. Mr. Turk is stationed at the radio school at the naval base at Newport, R. I.

Assistant Paymaster A. William Rutter, who has been in the navy less than a year, has been promoted to lieutenant, senior grade. Lieutenant Rutter is a son of A. H. Rutter of South Willard street.

J. P. Ladd, as trustee, last evening sold what was formerly known as the Lambert creamery in Chittenden county to W. B. Dodds, Frank A. Briggs and others, who will constitute a creamery association of local people.

Henri Limoges, who has been connected with the Free Press composing room for the last 12 years as a linotype operator, has resigned his position to carry on a farm in Milton, which he recently purchased.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Whiting have returned to Burlington after an absence which covered the greater part of the winter. In New York Mr. Whiting underwent an operation and they also passed some time in Washington.

Lieut. Horace H. Powers, U. S. V. M. 17, Coast Artillery, has been ill for several months in the hospital at Fort Monroe. There is a possibility that because of his physical condition he may be discharged from the service.

Word has been received of the marriage in Ashuelot, N. H., of Miss Althea Lavalley, formerly of Winslow, Arthur Lavalley formerly of Burlington. The wedding took place a week ago. The young couple will live in Ashuelot.

Mary E. Phelan of Burlington was appointed administratrix of the estate of Charles E. Phelan, late of Burlington, with Dr. P. E. McSwenney and M. D. McMahon of Burlington as commissioners, in probate court Thursday.

Arthur L. Walker has returned from New York city, where he has been spending 10 days, and has accepted a position with the R. C. Williams company, wholesale fancy grocers, who control the famous Royal Scarlet brand of canned goods and packages.

A suit to recover \$200 alleged to be due on an automobile was entered in Chittenden county court Thursday by H. G. Bennett and F. E. Colburn of Burlington against H. Buman of Burlington. The writ was from the office of John J. Enright.

A license was granted to sell real estate in the estate of Patrick Breun, late of Jericho, in probate court Friday. Sarah A. Ravlin of South Burlington was appointed administratrix of the estate of Luther M. Ravlin, late of South Burlington.

Lieut. Henry E. St. Antoine, M. R. C., has been relieved from duty at the Neurological Institute, New York city, and has been ordered to Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I., with the neuro-psychiatric division to examine the command for nervous and mental diseases.

Arthur Howard left Friday for Lexington, Ky., where he will join his brother, Wiley Howard. Mr. Howard is going to Kentucky in an effort to improve his health, which has been impaired for a long time. Mrs. Howard expects to join her husband in the autumn.

Mrs. Sylvia Batchelder Sadler was fined \$25 and costs of court when she was convicted in the city court Saturday afternoon on the charge of night walking. Mrs. Sadler refused to pay the fine and costs and will spend some time in the house of correction at Rutland as the alternative.

After pleading guilty to the charge of stealing a suit case full of chocolate bars from the factory of the Vermont Milk Chocolate company, where he was employed, Louis Pariso of North avenue was fined \$20 and ordered to pay costs of court, which amounted to \$150 in the city court Saturday afternoon.

It is understood that by the terms of the will of the late Mrs. Louise T. Peck, her interest in the Turrill block, so-called, occupied by the Prior millinery store and others, on the west side of Church street, will pass to the Home for Aged Women as soon as the required probate formalities have been complied with.

Two enlistments were made Thursday afternoon at the local navy recruiting station. Carl W. Brooks of Newport was enlisted as a seaman, second class, and went to Pelham Bay Friday. Paul E. Colmar of North avenue was enlisted as a hospital apprentice, second class. He went to Newport, R. I., training station Friday.

F. E. Perkins will in future devote his time to the maple sugar business and to the manufacture of his "Perfection Brand" goods, which he will handle at his home place on North Prospect street. The stock of groceries will be closed out by the assignees. Mr. Perkins has been continuously in business since 1874 and retires with the respect and good will of his many customers.

Joseph Allard of Winslow has filed an action of tort to recover \$1,000 damages from Charles Wardwell and E. D. Larichiere, both of Winslow, for an alleged illegal and unjust imprisonment and assault, which is alleged to have occurred at Colchester September 28, 1917. The action will come up for trial in the September term of Chittenden county court. John J. Enright is to appear for Mr. Allard.

Dr. W. S. Webb has sent to E. F. Gebhardt a quantity of the pencil-shaped pocket flashlights to be placed in kits made up for Chittenden county boys going into service. These flashlights are very desirable because batteries for renewal can be obtained at the Red Cross stations at the front. A quantity has been left at the local Red Cross rooms and Mr. Gebhardt will supply others for kits as gathered while they last.

The annual meeting of the Local Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held at the Deacons' Home Friday afternoon. A report showed that \$122 has been expended by the society for the poor of the church and that \$65 calls had been made on the church members. These officers were elected: President, Miss Mary Walker; vice-president, Mrs. J. A. Corbin; secretary, Mrs. B. B. Baldwin; chairman church women's club, Mrs. R. C. Drew. The report of the treasurer showed that \$1,100 had been received during the year and \$974 paid out, leaving a balance in the treasury of \$226.

SPRING TREATMENT

Necessary to Purify Blood and Correct Weak, Run-Down Conditions.

Trying weather, exposure to storms, the grip, hard colds, pneumonia, fevers, diphtheria and other blood-poisoning, prostrating diseases leave the whole system sub-normal—below par—weak and slow-blooded, depleted and thin, with that tired feeling, poor appetite, backache, rheumatic pains, delicate digestive power or almost none at all. The ideal treatment is

Hood's Sarsaparilla—to be taken before meals and thoroughly purify the blood and expel poisons, and

Peptonin—to be taken after meals—to put power into the blood, give strength, increase red corpuscles and restore tone, and do it quickly.

If there is indigestion, constipation, bad taste in the mouth, or "the blues," the liver is torpid. Take Hood's Pills—they rouse the liver and relieve all liver ills, are perfectly compatible with Hood's Sarsaparilla and Peptonin.—Adv.

Mrs. P. C. Mahan; secretary, Mrs. John Taylor; treasurer, Mrs. J. M. Fraser.

To recover \$224.08 with interest, which makes the total amount \$267.06, a suit has been entered in Chittenden county court, September term, by Powell & Powell, attorneys for the Essex Fertilizer company of Boston, against Daniel C. Davis of Hinesburg. The amount claimed to be due is for material and services furnished from the present time to the second Burlington fair to be held in actual service, the first being Lieut. H. De Vere Harden.

A cablegram received from General Pershing's staff in France by Mr. and Mrs. Peter W. Dorey of 32 St. Louis street gave notice of the slight wounding of Private Leo J. Dorey, who was in the cablegram read as follows: "Deeply regret to inform you that it is officially reported that Private Leo J. Dorey, infantry, was slightly wounded in action March 28, 1918. Private Dorey probably is the second Burlington boy to be wounded in actual service, the first being Lieut. H. De Vere Harden."

By forcing a large window in the rear of the Zeiskind pool parlors, 131 St. Paul street, sometime after 11:30 o'clock Saturday night, thieves got \$25 in halves, quarters, dimes and nickels from the cash register which had been left unlocked, and 25 old watches, all of which were filled cases excepting one which was a black gun metal finish and was an eight-day watch. The cash register was closed at 11:30 o'clock and the break was discovered Sunday morning when the proprietor went to his place on an errand.

The Crystal Confectionery company has purchased the B. F. White property at 55 College street, adjoining their factory on the west. For the last two years the company has been obliged to considerable storage space outside their plant, and the only place of property which will be utilized by them at present will be the large building in the rear which will give them the necessary storage, close to their manufacturing plant. The company will take possession June 1 and will not make any addition to their manufacturing plant.

Two apprentice seamen left Burlington last night for the naval training school at Pelham Bay, N. Y., being enlisted as seamen, second class, through the local navy recruiting station in the postoffice building. They were Charles E. Curran and Elmer W. Eganby, the son of Woodstock. Five apprentice seamen went to the Newport training station at Newport, R. I., last night, they being George K. Adams of White River Junction, Michael H. Schneider of Montreal, Leo C. Enright of Barre, Leon J. Ellison of Ludlow and Arthur P. Labombard of Vergennes.

E. A. Ashland and M. A. Ashland of Burlington have filed with Clerk C. J. Russell of Chittenden county court a suit in chancery to be heard at the September term of court. The suit is against the estate of Randolph, Mass., R. E. Brown and E. A. Ashland are to appear for the plaintiffs. This is a suit over the selling of a house with considerable land located at the corner of St. Paul and Maple streets, the plaintiffs claiming an agreement to buy the property for \$4,000 and a mortgage of \$1,000 held by the Burlington Savings bank, but the defendant is alleged to have refused to carry out the agreement.

News has been received in this city of the promotion of Sergeant Richard H. Battle, signal corps, U. S. A., first lieutenant, through the war department. Lieutenant Battle will be remembered as the operator at Fort Ethan Allen during the time the 10th cavalry was there, remaining for some time with the Second Cavalry, in December, 1915, he was ordered to San Juan, Porto Rico, where he served until his promotion. Lieutenant Battle arrived in New York April 1, en route to Camp Sherman, Ohio, where he is to be stationed with the 92nd division, United States signal reserve. His many friends will wish him the best of luck in his new work.

The Burlington Red Cross gratefully acknowledges the gift of a large quantity of clothing from Mr. and Mrs. Fred H. Wells, and also the sum of \$208.77 from the Kake Waking of the University of Vermont. A speaking tube has been installed in the rooms by Richard Burns, the material being furnished by Professor G. F. Burns of the University of Vermont. A Burlington canteen service has been organized from the Red Cross with L. W. Fennell as captain. During the week from March 18 to 25 there were collected 1,570 pounds of clothing in this city for the Red Cross. The clothing was shipped during the month of March. 1,210 knitted articles were shipped from the local branch of the Red Cross.

Thirty members and friends of the Green Mountain club enjoyed a visit to the red sugarhouse of C. R. Chapin in Essex Junction on Saturday afternoon. At Essex Junction the entire party boarded a motor launch and sailed down the lake, and after side trips around the junction for forty minutes finally left for Essex Junction. Once there, after a walk of a mile and a half to Mr. Chapin's over a road dry in places, they arrived at the sugar orchard where everyone inspected the up-to-date apparatus for sugar-making, and they "sugared off" in the old-fashioned way on a convenient snowbank. There were many expressions of delight over the delicious sugar and Mrs. Chapin's unswerving doughnuts and sour cream. The majority of the party walked back to Essex Junction, while the remainder sat around with resignation on their faces until the train finally arrived at 8:45.

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Aid society of the Methodist Episcopal Church was held in the church parlors yesterday afternoon. The meeting was preceded by a luncheon served at one o'clock, and then the ladies sewed until three. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. J. L. Hall; first vice-president, Mrs. J. A. Corbin; second vice-president, Mrs. B. B. Baldwin; third vice-president, Mrs. O. Ockerblad; fourth vice-president, Mrs. G. F. Rist; fifth vice-president, Mrs. F. C. Presb. The corresponding secretary, Miss Mary Walker; treasurer, Mrs. B. B. Baldwin; chairman church women's club, Mrs. R. C. Drew. The report of the treasurer showed that \$1,100 had been received during the year and \$974 paid out, leaving a balance in the treasury of \$226.

PLAINTIFF AIKEN ON THE WITNESS STAND

Former Pastor of Fairfax Church Testifies in Slander Suit Against Fred C. Cherrier—Fifty Years Old and Minister Since 1900

Fifteen minutes before Chittenden county court closed its afternoon session yesterday, counsel for the plaintiff in the case of the Rev. Orlando E. Aiken, former pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Fairfax, against Fred C. Cherrier of Fairfax, began the testimony of the plaintiff to recover \$10,000 for alleged slanderous remarks, played through the court by putting the plaintiff himself on the witness stand.

The former pastor said that he was born in Duncan, Quebec, about 50 years ago and that since his graduation from the Drew Theological school in New Jersey in 1900 he had been preaching. His pastorates in the United States have been at Coventry, Conn., two years; Cabot, four years; Derby Center, two years; Newport Center, two years; Westford, one year; Canaan, one year; Swanton, four years and Fairfax since April, 1914, to October, 1917, by appointment of the bishop.

The plaintiff testified that he knew the Cherriers and their boy, Bernard Hicks, from about May, 1916. Aiken's family used to take milk from the Cherrier farm and sometimes young Hicks would bring milk to the Aiken home and sometimes the former minister would go over after it. In September of 1916 Mr. Aiken stated that he had a talk with Mrs. Cherrier about her boy, Bernard Hicks, being taken into probationary membership of the Fairfax Methodist Episcopal Church. According to the witness, Mrs. Cherrier agreed to the suggestion and so young Hicks was admitted to the probationary membership that month.

He then regularly attended church and Sunday school until he was about 15 years old, when he had a talk with Mr. Cherrier, the defendant, about Bernard Hicks not being able to swim. In that conversation Mr. Cherrier, according to witness Aiken, stated that Bernard was a coward and was afraid of the water and that because of that cowardice he (Mr. Cherrier) would not allow him to go in bathing with the other boys. At the request of Mr. Cherrier, the pastor agreed to teach Hicks how to swim and in the Lamollee river in a shallow spot just off the shore of the young Hicks' farm and the minister went two or three times each week until Hicks learned to swim. (This was not in the river at Marvin's lane referred to in testimony farther down in this report.)

The last time Hicks and himself went in swimming, according to the plaintiff in his testimony, was sometime in August, 1916, and after that the relations between the Cherrier family and the Aiken family became strained.

At the time of the same year Mrs. Aiken mended some bad holes in the trousers of Hicks. During that month, on several occasions when either Mr. or Mrs. Cherrier, or both of them were away, the witness went and helped the young Hicks milk and assisted about the farm in a general way. That he had on several occasions sewed buttons on the shirts and trousers of young Hicks was admitted by the witness, with the additional information that Hicks' mother told him or he would not have done it. About October 20, 1916, Mr. Cherrier met the witness, according to the testimony of the latter, when he (Aiken) was coming from the postoffice at Fairfax, and he was asked to go to the Cherrier home. There Mrs. Cherrier, Mr. Cherrier and their chore boy, Bernard Hicks, confronted him. Mr. Cherrier asked him (Aiken) concerning the rumor he was spreading against her son, Bernard Hicks, and Mr. Cherrier said he had heard of the farm. The witness said he denied at that time ever spreading such a rumor, and that he had never talked with a Mr. Shedd about it, or about anything, for he had only a passing acquaintance with Shedd. Then the witness testified that he asked the Cherriers why they had forbidden Bernard Hicks coming over to the (Aiken's) house, that he had asked the parents to forbid him from going to the minister's house. The witness then said that Mrs. Cherrier called him a "liar" several times, and declared that (Aiken) was getting a strong influence over their boy (Hicks) and was getting him disinterested with his home at the Cherriers.

Court then adjourned for the day, it being about 5:30 o'clock. Mr. Aiken will go on the stand this morning at nine o'clock to give his testimony. He will then be cross-examined by the attorneys for the defense, probably by Vernon A. Bullard.

Previous to the calling of the plaintiff to the stand two witnesses for the plaintiff were examined and cross-examined. The first was Eli Taylor, a neighbor of the defendant Cherrier. He was examined by Attorney M. G. Leary for the plaintiff and said that he had been a resident of Fairfax for 45 years. He asked Mr. Cherrier about his opinion of the Methodist minister while they were repairing a fence which separated their respective farms. Attorney Vernon A. Bullard cross-examined witness Taylor and the latter admitted that this conversation which he collected was before the church trial.

Written testimony and cross-examination of Clifford Cherrier, another nephew, was read partially by Attorney W. D. Stewart for the plaintiff and partially by Attorney Elmer Johnson for the defendant. Mr. Cherrier was in the army at Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C., having volunteered in January of this year. The testimony was taken in Attorney Stewart's office with Attorney Johnson present, and the court allowed it to be read and admitted as evidence.

Then Charles Rook for the plaintiff was called. Under the examination of M. G. Leary, Rook testified that he had lived in Fairfax since he was born and that on June 17, 1917, he was fishing in Fairfax Mills and the Lamollee river. He tried to ride from the minister and young Hicks, but he saw them together on the bank near the woods in Marvin's lane, because he did not wish to have a minister see his fish pole and know that he had been fishing on Sunday. He Chittenden county court trial of the plaintiff but he was not admitted by the Rev. W. B. Dukeshire, so he thought. On cross-examination by Attorney V. A. Bullard Rook denied that Aiken had ever lectured him on going fishing on Sundays and that was why he wanted to duck the minister. He also denied that he had told several men in a friend's home that Aiken had offered him \$25 to come and testify at this suit and that he was going to get more or he would not come. He admitted having a talk with Aiken on the evening of the church trial at the Lamollee river and various parts taken from the Fairfax Falls road were admitted as exhibits by the plaintiff.

Samuel A. Pollard of Fairfax was the first witness examined at the morning session, which started at nine o'clock. Sherman R. Moulton of the plaintiff's side conducted the examination. Pollard testified that he was present at Goodsell's

store when the defendant, Fred C. Cherrier, one evening stated that Aiken was a liar. This was after the church trial which resulted in Aiken's suspension. Cross-examined by Attorney Elmer Johnson of Fairfax for the defense, Pollard further stated that Cherrier said that they had got Aiken out of the church.

Attorney Matthew G. Leary for the plaintiff gave Philip C. Jones, the next witness, a direct-examination. Jones testified that he had lived in Fairfax for three years and that he knew both Cherrier, the defendant, and Aiken, the plaintiff. He was present at Goodsell's store when Fred C. Cherrier made statements against the pastor, who was then suspended. Jones said that defendant Cherrier remarked that they had got Aiken out of the church and that he was glad of it as he (Aiken) had been immoral with the boys. Witness further declared that Cherrier said Aiken had caused him a lot of trouble in his family and that he (Aiken) was a perfect liar. On cross-examination by Vernon A. Bullard for the defense, Jones testified that he (Jones) still believed that Aiken was immoral. He had reached that conclusion from the talk he had heard in Fairfax before and after the church trial and that defendant Cherrier said in the Goodsell store.

Fred Cherrier, nephew of the defendant, and one of the boys with whom it was alleged that Aiken had immoral dealings, was then put on the stand in behalf of the plaintiff. He was examined by Attorney Sherman R. Moulton. Cherrier testified that he was 15 years old last June and that he attended the Methodist Episcopal Church in Fairfax. He never went to church before Mr. Aiken came. He was present when the Aiken came to the church, and he was with the defendant in the case, talked to a number of young men about his (the witness') own age. A map was then introduced by the plaintiff, which showed the road to Fairfax Falls. The Lamollee river, the covered bridge, Marvin's lane and Marvin's woods. He heard his uncle say that Aiken had been turned out of the church, that he (Aiken) had been immoral with young men at the Lamollee river and that Aiken was not fit to be a minister. He associated with the witness went walking with Aiken on June 17, 1917, on the road to Fairfax Falls. They started about three o'clock in the afternoon and walked about a mile and a half. Then they came to the bank overlooking the Lamollee river in Fairfax, over a covered bridge and through a fence into Marvin's lane and thence down the lane to the edge of Marvin's woods. This walk to the lane was at the request of young Cherrier, so he testified, after they walked three miles just before. They sat down on the bank overlooking the Lamollee river and remained there for about 15 minutes half reclining on their elbows. Mr. Aiken was never immoral in any way or at any time with him, so young Cherrier testified.

Attorney Johnson for the defense cross-examined young Cherrier at length. The witness said his mother was a Catholic but she had never asked him or made him go to the church of her faith. The first time he knew Aiken, he went to a wood for him, a distance of about 50 rods. The pastor helped him with that work. After that time the witness and Aiken were very friendly, and frequently went walking and called upon each other at their respective homes. He also went on auto trips with Aiken. The hauling of the wood was about May 30, 1917, and up to June 17 the witness and Aiken were together much. The pastor gave him several neckties. At the time of their walk to the lane on June 17, 1917, the witness was not present. While returning from the lane they saw several people on the road to the Fairfax Falls and on a knoll overlooking the river and the spot where they had been walking. There was a young Cherrier, among them being to get the cows at night. Aiken put his arms about his neck, so the witness admitted, but never kisses him. On direct-examination young Cherrier admitted that it was a very warm day in June when they went on the walk but they were overcast. Under cross-examination Cherrier admitted that they both had their coats buttoned tightly about them.

Bert Rich, a milk route carrier between Fairfax and St. Albans, was then called to the stand. He was examined by Attorney Leary. He testified that he was driving to Fairfax from his potato field that Sunday in June and he could see Aiken and young Cherrier sitting on the grass across the Lamollee river on a knoll. There was nothing immoral in their actions, so far as he could see. Several times Attorney Leary asked the witness questions about certain locations on the map which was pinned up beside the witness, where the court and jury could see it, and in asking his questions the attorney pointed to the location where the witness to answer this was vigorously objected to by Attorney Johnson of the defense and the court had to call the attention of Mr. Leary to this fact. Rich did not attend the Methodist Episcopal Church, so he testified. On cross-examination by Attorney Bullard for the defense, Rich admitted that he had noticed the exact positions of the bushes, trees, etc., with reference to Aiken and young Cherrier, but could not tell where either of the two parties stood or were lying, with reference to the covered bridge or a tall lone tree that marked the end of the woods.

SLANDER SUIT BEGUN.

Former Fairfax Pastor Seeks Damages of Member of Congregation.

Affairs pertaining to the Methodist Episcopal Church at Fairfax, of which the Rev. Orlando E. Aiken was pastor in 1916 and 1917, were freely aired in Chittenden county court Tuesday afternoon in the case of the Rev. Orlando E. Aiken, former pastor of the Fairfax Methodist Episcopal Church, against Fred C. Cherrier of Fairfax, a slander suit brought by Mr. Aiken against Fred C. Cherrier, a prosperous farmer of Fairfax, who has been prominent in the affairs of the defendant church there.

The suit is based upon alleged immoral character, influence and acts of the pastor in connection with his pastorate and two young men, Bernard Hicks, aged about 16 years, a chore-boy employed by the defendant Cherrier, and Fred C. Cherrier, nephew of the defendant. After about an hour and a half of challenging and examining of jurors Tuesday morning the jury was picked. Then court adjourned until three o'clock in order to permit the counsel for the plaintiff to prepare their case owing to the illness of Rufus E. Brown, one of the counsel, who was expected to be present and who Attorney Matthew G. Leary of Burlington has as stand.

The jury stands as follows: F. Edward Allard of Winslow, George E. Bartlett of Richmond, B. F. Brown of Williston, J. C. Hartwell of Essex, O. D. Hewey of Edward Keese of St. George, John M. Killary of Burlington, E. A. Russell of Shelburne, Charles E. Scribner of Jericho, C. N. Stuyvesant of Underhill and Thomas C. Stuyvesant of Huntington.

The Old Bee Hive

April 4, 1918

Extraordinary Hat Diversity

Simply everything goes in millinery this season—large or small, high or flat, wide or narrow, bonnet, tam or sailor.

Hats are trimmed much more than ever before.

There are for example sailor hats trimmed with maline and finished with a rose or lacquered fruits or again clusters of field flowers, sometimes, too, with large glossy cherries.

Lisere pokes with black satin ribbon with a large cluster front, another with pansy or floral crown and maline brim. Small birds and wings of many kinds, including the lacquered variety, are conspicuous throughout the styles.

It is a season of millinery diversity and each day the hat section displays new models straight out of New York.

Burton's Irish Poplin

27 in. wide 39c per yd - 36 in. wide 59c per yd

Burton's Irish Poplin has a highly mercurized finish and is especially desirable for nurses' uniforms, separate skirts, dresses, children's wear and trimming purpose.

We offer this poplin in white and a full range of colors.

New Home Dresses

\$2.95 to \$4.98

So new and attractive are these new house and morning dresses that you are agreeably surprised at the exceedingly low prices.

They are the most exceptional values you will see anywhere this season.

Made of stripe, plaid and figured ginghams, percales and chambrays, half and three quarter sleeves, very neat and attractive styles, dresses that are well made and finished and will almost invariably fit without any alteration.

Women's 25c Handkerchiefs 19c

3 for 50c

These are the popular colored handkerchiefs and are shown in a wide variety of very beautiful effects including all-over designs, border designs, etc.

They are the regular 25c goods, fifty dozen at this price, 19c, 3 for 50c.

Women's Black Fibre Silk Stockings

Reg. 70c. Grade, 49c pr

Buy several pairs of these as they are very much under regular price.

Black only with lisle garter tops and lisle soles. The regular price is 70c pair.

To-day and Friday only 49c pair.

New Sweater Shades in Shetland Floss and Germantown Yarns

Priced 35c per Skein

Wisteria
Plum
Buff
Amethyst
Tango Red
Salmon
Old Blue
Dark Reseda
Nile Green
Light Reseda
Silver Gray Mixed
American Beauty
Scarlet

Leather
Flame
Tango Red
Salmon
Old Blue
Dark Reseda
Nile Green
Light Reseda
Silver Gray Mixed
American Beauty
Scarlet

of the court, but more than half a dozen women and young girls, some of them apparently in the teens, remained through the entire session, despite the fact that some very delicate matters were thoroughly gone over in the course of the examination of the witness Cherrier.

Fred C. Cherrier, the defendant in the case, was the first witness put on the stand. He was cross-examined by Attorney Leary for the plaintiff. He testified that his family and the Hicks boy had been very friendly with Mr. Aiken and his family. The Hicks boy was chummy with the pastor and used to go fishing, tramping, auto riding and to a great many places with the pastor. About October, 1917, after Cherrier had come back from an automobile ride, he noticed that Hicks did not display his usual interest in his home at the Cherriers and the witness attributed the change to the influence of Mr. Aiken, who, he thought, was trying to persuade Hicks to leave the Cherrier farm. Following the trial, which was conducted by the official of the Methodist Episcopal Church and the conference officers, and which resulted in the suspension of Mr. Aiken, witness Cherrier testified that he told several men in Goodsell's store that he knew Aiken was a very immoral man and had a very bad influence on his boy (meaning Hicks).

On direct examination by Attorney Elmer Johnson of St. Albans, Cherrier stated that his house was about 15 or 20 rods from the Aiken residence and that both families were very neighborly. Mr. Aiken gave Hicks several neckties, a shirt, some cuff links and a pair of curdure trousers during the time the families were friendly, and witness Cherrier stated that the pastor was always very good to Hicks.

The case of Hyman Zelig Feinberg vs. Fred L. Smith, an action of tort, will probably follow the Aiken case on the jury trial list.

At the reading of the jury trial list it was reported that the case of O. R. Moulton and a sister.

ton against M. D. Griffin, an action of contract, had been settled between the parties and discontinued.

Other cases settled and discontinued were: Italian Star Baking company vs. Burlington Traction company an action of tort; Bear Brothers vs. Loomis Dakin company, Limited and trustee, an action of contract. M. A. Chandler vs. Louis E. Peterson, an action of tort; Mary E. Taylor vs. Military Post Street Railway company, an action for tort.

As it is sugaring time and the time that means the most to the farmer, Judge Wilson stated to the jury that he would try and arrange it to excuse any jurymen temporarily who was not assigned to any case, in order that he might go back to his work on the farm, with the understanding that he should be ready to respond to the call of the court when needed.

SHOT DEAD BY NEPHEW.

Levi Van Guilder of West Haven, aged 39, was shot and killed Monday when a shotgun in the hands of his five-year-old nephew, George Rooker, was accidentally discharged, one side of Mr. Van Guilder's face being blown off. Mr. and Mrs. Lurey Rooker, parents of the boy, went to Fair Haven Monday leaving Mrs. Rooker's brother, Mr. Van Guilder, in charge of their children, George, an 11-year-old girl and a baby. While Mr. Van Guilder was eating his dinner and the girl was in another room with the baby the little boy picked up the gun which was standing in a corner of the room and, although there were no other persons in the room, it is supposed that while the child was handling the weapon it was discharged. The little girl rushed to the dining room and when she saw that her uncle was wounded she placed the baby on the floor and ran to the home of a neighbor, Albert Sisco, who summoned a physician and the town officials. The boy was hysterical Monday night and was unable to explain how the accident happened. Mr. Van Guilder is survived by his father, a brother and a sister.

OBITUARY

James A. Riley.

James A. Riley died Saturday evening at his home on Pitkin street following an illness of four weeks with heart trouble. Mr. Riley was born in Ireland 67 years ago and came to this country when a boy with his parents. He is survived in his immediate family by his wife, who was Miss Johanna Fitzgerald, and by three daughters, Miss Mary and Miss Catherine of this city and Mrs. John Halsten of Meriden, Conn., and by three sons, Edward P. of Chicago, Ill., James M. of Birmingham, Me., and William T. of this city.

The funeral was held at St. Mary's Cathedral, Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, with burial in St. Joseph's cemetery.

William H. Smith Hartford.

William H. Smith Hartford, a Middlebury College student in the class of 1921, died in this city at the Mary Fletcher hospital last Friday morning of pneumonia, with which he had been ill since a week ago Monday. He was brought to this city March 26 and continually weakened to the time of his death. He was 18 years old and was a member of the Phi Kappa Psi fraternity. His father, Katherine Smith and Harry Clark Hartford of New York. The body was taken to New York city, the funeral being held there on Sunday afternoon at the residence of his father, Mr. John T. Winthaus, 70 East 77th street.

Mrs. Mary Luck.

Mrs. Mary (Gero) Luck, widow of Louis Luck, died Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock of uraemic poisoning, after an illness of one week. She was 73 years old.